

California State University, Fullerton



Report Sections

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
Academic Challenge	Higher-Order Learning Reflective & Integrative Learning Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions Supportive Environment

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores <i>within</i> your institution and comparison groups.
	Performance on Indicator Items
	Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2015 and 2016 participating institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how EI scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.



Overview

California State University, Fullerton

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- **Vour students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

First-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016
	Higher-Order Learning	∇		∇
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	∇	∇	∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies	∇	∇	∇
	Quantitative Reasoning	∇	∇	∇
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	∇		
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	∇	∇	∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			▼
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices		Δ	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	∇	\bigtriangledown	▼
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇	∇	∇

niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016
	Higher-Order Learning	∇		∇
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	∇		
Challenge	Learning Strategies	∇	∇	∇
	Quantitative Reasoning	∇		
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	∇	Δ	Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	∇		Δ
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	\bigtriangledown	∇	∇
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	∇		∇
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇		



Academic Challenge

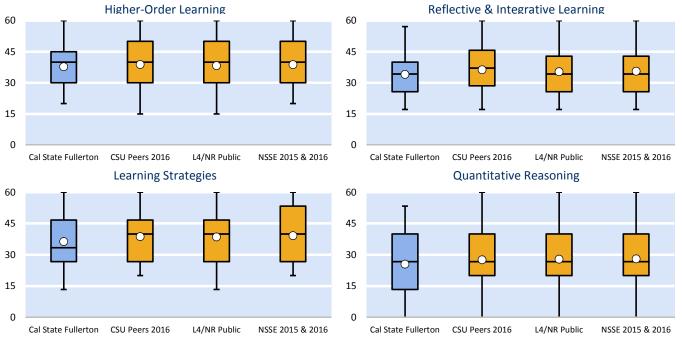
California State University, Fullerton

Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Cal State	Your j	first-year students compared w	vith
	Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016 Effect	L4/NR Public Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	37.8	38.9 *08	38.304	38.8 *07
Reflective & Integrative Learning	34.1	36.3 ***18	35.4 ***10	35.6 ***12
Learning Strategies	36.3	38.7 ***17	38.6 ***16	39.2 ***20
Quantitative Reasoning	25.5	27.6 ***13	27.9 ***15	28.0 ***16

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

California State University, Fullerton

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point d	ifference ^a between you	r FY students and
Higher-Order Learning	Cal State	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	Fullerton	C30 Feels 2016	L4/ NK Public	2010
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 69	-1	-2	-4
40. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems of new situations	69	-1	-2	-4
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	69	-2	-2	-3
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	69	-4	-0	-1
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	65	-4	-2	-3
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	49	-7	-5	-5
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	50	-6	-3	-4
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	49	-4	-2	-2
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	59	-5	-4	-4
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	67	-4	-1	-1
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	66	-3	+0	-0
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	73	-4	-3	-4
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	72	-6	-5	-6
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	63	-3	-2	-3
$9_{C}.$ Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	56	-4	-5	-8
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, 6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	50	-2	-3	-3
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	34	-5	-5	-5
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	32	-6	-6	-7

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.



Academic Challenge

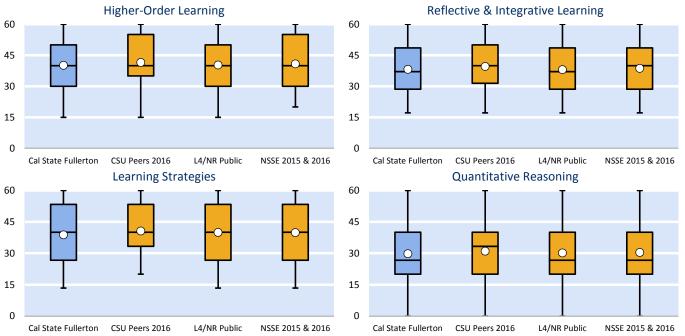
California State University, Fullerton

Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Cal State		Your seniors compared with	
	Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016 Effect	L4/NR Public Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	40.2	41.5 ***09	40.301	40.9 *05
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.3	39.6 ***10	38.0 .02	38.703
Learning Strategies	38.8	40.6 ***13	39.9 **08	39.9 **07
Quantitative Reasoning	29.8	31.0 **07	30.102	30.303

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

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Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

California State University, Fullerton

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

Higher-Order Learning	Cal State Fullerton			
ngher-Order Learning	Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016
Demonstrate a new ordiner "Wern much" on "Ouite a his" should be used a survey of a survey		CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	2016
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			· · ·
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	78	-0	+0	-1
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	76	-2	+1	-0
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	71	-3	+1	-1
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	70	-4	-1	-3
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	71	-1	+1	+1
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	63	-4	+1	-1
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	52	-5	+0	-3
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	64	-3	-1	-3
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from h or her perspective	is 73	-1	+3	+2
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	72	-1	+3	+2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	82	-2	+0	-1
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	79	-4	-2	-3
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	63	-4	-2	-0
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	60	-5	-5	-5
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	56	-2	-0	+0
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	45	-2	-0	-1
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	46	-1	+1	+1

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Learning with Peers

California State University, Fullerton

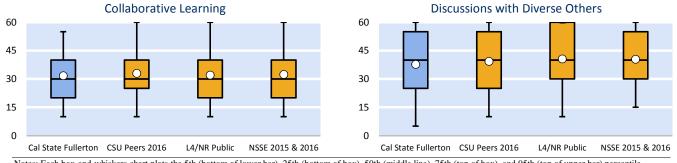
Learning with Peers: First-year students

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Cal State	You	ır first-year students compared w	vith
	FullertonCSU Peers 2016		L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	31.7	32.9 **09	32.002	32.304
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.6	39.3 **10	40.6 ***18	40.4 ***17

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percen	tage point d	lifference ^a	between yo	our FY students a	and
Collaborative Learning	Cal State Fullerton	CSU Pee	ers 2016	L4/NF	R Public	NSSE 2015 2016	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	55	+0	1	+5	1	+4	
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	55		-3		-2		-2
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	45		-3		-2		-4
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	50		-6		-2	- - -	-4
Discussions with Diverse Others							
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with							
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	71		-4		-1		-1
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	66		-4		-6		-7
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	62		-4		-7		-6
8d. People with political views other than your own	56		-5		-12	-1	-12

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Learning with Peers

California State University, Fullerton

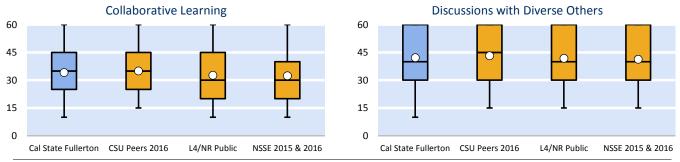
Learning with Peers: Seniors

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Cal State		Your seniors compared with	
	Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	34.2	35.0 *06	32.6 *** .10	32.4 *** .12
Discussions with Diverse Others	42.2	43.2 *06	41.8 .02	41.3 * .05

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Perc	Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and				and
Collaborative Learning	Cal State Fullerton	CSU Pee	ers 2016	L4/NF	R Public	NSSE 20 201	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	48	+2	1	+6		+7	
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	60		-4	+1)	+1	
Ig. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	47		-4	+1	j —	+1	
Ih. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	70		-2	+7		+6	
Discussions with Diverse Others							
ercentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with							
Ba. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	80	+1)	+6		+8	
3b. People from an economic background other than your own	76	1	-1	+2	1	+2	
3c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	71		-2		-0	+2	
d. People with political views other than your own	67		-2		-4	- E	-3

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Experiences with Faculty

California State University, Fullerton

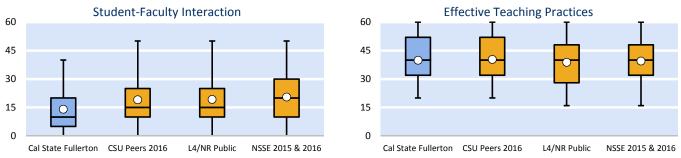
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Cal State	Your first-year students compared with								
	Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016						
		Effect	Effect	Effect						
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size						
Student-Faculty Interaction	14.1	19.1 ***34	19.2 ***35	20.5 ***44						
Effective Teaching Practices	39.9	40.303	38.7 ** .09	39.4 .03						

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and						
Student-Faculty Interaction	Cal State Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%							
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	18	-12	-13	-15				
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	13	-6	-6	-7				
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	15	-8	-9	-11				
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	17	-10	-10	-13				
Effective Teaching Practices								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have								
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	79	-1	+1	-0				
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	76	+1	+0	-1				
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points		+5	+5	+3				
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	65	-2	+3	+1				
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	62	-0	+4	+1				

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.



Experiences with Faculty

California State University, Fullerton

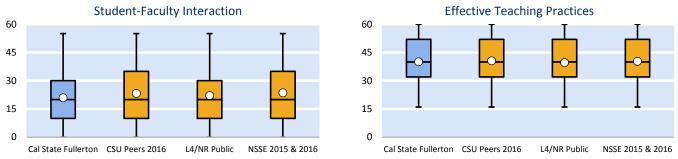
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Mean Comparisons	Cal State	Your seniors compared with								
	Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016						
		Effect	Effect	Effect						
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size						
Student-Faculty Interaction	20.9	23.1 ***14	22.1 ***08	23.5 ***16						
Effective Teaching Practices	40.1	40.503	39.6 .03	40.302						

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and						
Student-Faculty Interaction	Cal State Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%							
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	33	-7	-5	-9				
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	21	-5	-4	-6				
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	28	-4	-2	-5				
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	28	-5	-2	-5				
Effective Teaching Practices								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have								
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	82	-1	+1	+1				
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	78	+1	+0	-1				
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	79	-1	+1	+1				
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	61	-2	+2	-1				
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	63	-1	-1	-3				

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

California State University, Fullerton

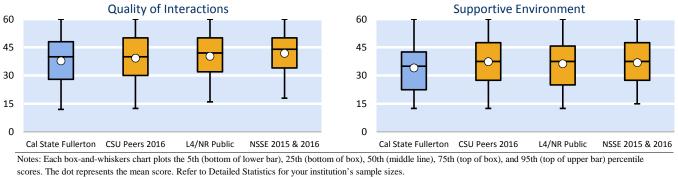
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Cal State	Your first-year students compared with								
	Fullerton	CSU Peers 201	· ·	Public	NSSE 201					
		Effec	t	Effect		Effect				
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean	size	Mean	size				
Quality of Interactions	37.8	39.2 *10	40.3 ***	19	41.8 ***	32				
Supportive Environment	34.1	37.4 ***23	36.3 ***	16	36.8 ***	20				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and						
Quality of Interactions	Cal State	CSU Peers 2016		NSSE 2015 &				
	Fullerton	C30 Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	2016				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $1="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$) with	%							
13a. Students	51	+0	-1	-4				
13b. Academic advisors	37	-5	-9	-13				
13c. Faculty	38	-4	-6	-12				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	35	-6	-6	-9				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	33	-6	-6	-10				
Supportive Environment								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	74	-1	+0	-2				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	74	-3	-2	-3				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	59	-7	-1	-2				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	67	-2	-3	-4				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	67	-5	-3	-3				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	39	-13	-5	-5				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	51	-11	-14	-15				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	39	-11	-11	-13				

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

California State University, Fullerton

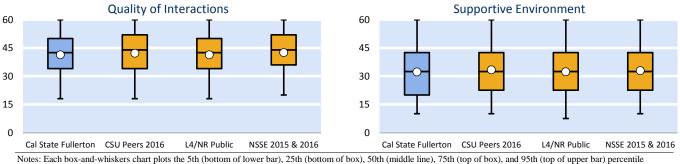
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Cal State	Your seniors compared with								
	Fullerton	CSU Peers 2016	L4/NR Public	NSSE 2015 & 2016						
		Effect	Effect	Effect						
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size						
Quality of Interactions	41.4	42.2 *07	41.3 .00	42.6 ***10						
Supportive Environment	32.3	33.4 **07	32.4 .00	32.904						

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percenti scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and						
Quality of Interactions	Cal State Fullerton	CSU Pee	ers 2016	L4/NR	R Public		2015 & 16	
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%							
13a. Students	60		-4		-0		-1	
13b. Academic advisors	48		-1		-0		-5	
13c. Faculty	54		-4		-1		-5	
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	41		-4		-0		-2	
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	37		-5		-2		-5	
Supportive Environment		- · ·						
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	71	+0		+3	1	+0		
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	65		-2		-0		-3	
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	55		-4	+1)	+1)	
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	63	- (-1		-1		-2	
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	63		-2	+2	1	+2		
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	34	- (-1	+4	1	+2		
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	48		-4		-7		-8	
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	40		-4	- I	-3		-4	

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions California State University, Fullerton

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

(a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2015 and 2016 NSSE institutions, and

(b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2015 and 2016 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable^b to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students	Cal State	Your first-year students compared with								
		Fullerton	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE Top 10%						
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size 🗸	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark				
	Higher-Order Learning	37.8	40.5 ***	20	42.7 ***	36					
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	34.1	37.4 ***	27	39.5 ***	43					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.3	41.2 ***	34	43.7 ***	52					
	Quantitative Reasoning	25.5	29.4 ***	24	31.3 ***	36					
Learning	Collaborative Learning	31.7	35.2 ***	26	37.3 ***	42					
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.6	42.7 ***	33	44.3 ***	44					
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	14.1	23.8 ***	65	26.9 ***	81					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.9	41.6 ***	12	43.8 ***	29					
Campus	Quality of Interactions	37.8	44.1 ***	53	45.9 ***	66					
Environment	Supportive Environment	34.1	39.2 ***	38	40.9 ***	51					

Seniors		Cal State		Your seniors co	ompared with		
		Fullerton	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size 🗸	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark
	Higher-Order Learning	40.2	43.1 ***	21	44.7 ***	33	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.3	41.0 ***	21	42.9 ***	37	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	38.8	42.2 ***	24	44.5 ***	40	
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.8	31.8 ***	12	33.2 ***	21	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	34.2	35.8 ***	12	37.9 ***	27	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	42.2	43.3 **	07	45.1 ***	18	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	20.9	29.6 ***	54	33.0 ***	75	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.1	42.7 ***	19	44.5 ***	33	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.4	45.3 ***	35	46.9 ***	46	
Environment	Supportive Environment	32.3	35.7 ***	24	38.1 ***	41	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2015 and 2016 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a

California State University, Fullerton

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results				
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 922)$	37.8	13.5	.45	20	30	40	45	60				
CSU Peers 2016	38.9	14.0	.20	15	30	40	50	60	5,987	-1.1	.029	078
L4/NR Public	38.3	13.8	.07	15	30	40	50	60	45,015	5	.244	039
NSSE 2015 & 2016	38.8	13.7	.03	20	30	40	50	60	196,875	-1.0	.028	072
Top 50%	40.5	13.6	.04	20	30	40	50	60	93,096	-2.7	.000	202
Top 10%	42.7	13.7	.10	20	35	40	55	60	20,544	-4.9	.000	358
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 970)$	34.1	11.8	.38	17	26	34	40	57				
CSU Peers 2016	36.3	12.7	.17	17	29	37	46	60	1,400	-2.3	.000	181
L4/NR Public	35.4	12.6	.06	17	26	34	43	60	1,016	-1.3	.001	105
NSSE 2015 & 2016	35.6	12.5	.03	17	26	34	43	60	979	-1.6	.000	124
Top 50%	37.4	12.5	.04	17	29	37	46	60	991	-3.3	.000	266
Top 10%	39.5	12.8	.09	20	31	40	49	60	1,091	-5.5	.000	429
Learning Strategies												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 861)$	36.3	13.8	.47	13	27	33	47	60				
CSU Peers 2016	38.7	13.8	.20	20	27	40	47	60	5,465	-2.4	.000	173
L4/NR Public	38.6	14.2	.07	13	27	40	47	60	41,137	-2.2	.000	158
NSSE 2015 & 2016	39.2	14.1	.03	20	27	40	53	60	180,160	-2.9	.000	203
Top 50%	41.2	14.1	.05	20	33	40	53	60	81,766	-4.8	.000	343
Top 10%	43.7	14.3	.10	20	33	47	60	60	938	-7.4	.000	521
Quantitative Reasoning												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 931)$	25.5	15.3	.50	0	13	27	40	53				
CSU Peers 2016	27.6	15.9	.22	0	20	27	40	60	6,087	-2.1	.000	133
L4/NR Public	27.9	16.2	.08	0	20	27	40	60	974	-2.4	.000	146
NSSE 2015 & 2016	28.0	16.2	.04	0	20	27	40	60	939	-2.5	.000	155
Top 50%	29.4	16.1	.05	0	20	27	40	60	947	-3.9	.000	245
Top 10%	31.3	16.2	.10	0	20	33	40	60	1,002	-5.8	.000	358
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
Cal State Fullerton (N = 987)	31.7	13.4	.43	10	20	30	40	55				
CSU Peers 2016	32.9	13.7	.18	10	25	30	40	60	6,475	-1.2	.009	090
L4/NR Public	32.0	14.2	.07	10	20	30	40	60	1,033	3	.449	023
NSSE 2015 & 2016	32.3	14.5	.03	10	20	30	40	60	997	6	.137	044
Top 50%	35.2	13.8	.04	15	25	35	45	60	107,021	-3.6	.000	258
Top 10%	37.3	13.6	.09	15	25	40	45	60	23,324	-5.7	.000	416
Discussions with Diverse Others	5											
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 861)$	37.6	17.2	.59	5	25	40	55	60				
CSU Peers 2016	39.3	16.8	.25	10	25	40	55	60	5,544	-1.7	.008	098
L4/NR Public	40.6	16.2	.08	10	30	40	60	60	893	-2.9	.000	181
NSSE 2015 & 2016	40.4	16.0	.04	15	30	40	55	60	867	-2.8	.000	174
Top 50%	42.7	15.2	.04	20	35	40	60	60	872	-5.1	.000	332
	· · /											



Detailed Statistics^a

California State University, Fullerton

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results				
									Deg. of		Effect	
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 947)$	14.1	13.0	.42	0	5	10	20	40				
CSU Peers 2016	19.1	15.0	.21	0	10	15	25	50	1,441	-5.0	.000	339
L4/NR Public	19.2	14.8	.07	0	10	15	25	50	998	-5.2	.000	350
NSSE 2015 & 2016	20.5	14.7	.03	0	10	20	30	50	958	-6.4	.000	437
Top 50%	23.8	15.0	.06	0	15	20	35	55	983	-9.7	.000	649
Top 10%	26.9	16.0	.15	5	15	25	40	60	1,208	-12.8	.000	811
Effective Teaching Practices												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 944)$	39.9	12.9	.42	20	32	40	52	60				
CSU Peers 2016	40.3	13.9	.19	20	32	40	52	60	1,367	4	.379	030
L4/NR Public	38.7	13.4	.06	16	28	40	48	60	46,151	1.2	.008	.087
NSSE 2015 & 2016	39.4	13.4	.03	16	32	40	48	60	201,495	.5	.283	.035
Top 50%	41.6	13.4	.05	20	32	40	52	60	81,533	-1.7	.000	125
Top 10%	43.8	13.5	.10	20	36	44	56	60	1,060	-3.9	.000	289
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 741)$	37.8	14.2	.52	12	28	40	48	60				
CSU Peers 2016	39.2	14.1	.21	13	30	40	50	60	5,134	-1.4	.010	102
L4/NR Public	40.3	13.0	.07	16	32	42	50	60	764	-2.5	.000	191
NSSE 2015 & 2016	41.8	12.5	.03	18	34	44	50	60	745	-4.0	.000	322
Top 50%	44.1	11.8	.05	22	38	46	52	60	751	-6.3	.000	531
Top 10%	45.9	12.1	.10	22	40	48	56	60	796	-8.1	.000	661
Supportive Environment												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 825)$	34.1	14.3	.50	13	23	35	43	60				
CSU Peers 2016	37.4	14.5	.22	13	28	38	48	60	5,112	-3.3	.000	229
L4/NR Public	36.3	14.1	.07	13	25	38	46	60	38,214	-2.2	.000	156
NSSE 2015 & 2016	36.8	13.9	.03	15	28	38	48	60	831	-2.7	.000	197
Top 50%	39.2	13.3	.05	18	30	40	50	60	839	-5.1	.000	380
Top 10%	40.9	13.3	.09	20	33	40	53	60	884	-6.7	.000	507

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a California State University, Fullerton

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
		an h							Deg. of	Mean	er f	Effec
Academic Challenge	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size
Academic Challenge Higher-Order Learning												
	40.2	14.2	22	15	20	40	50	(0)				
Cal State Fullerton (N = 1922)	40.2	14.3	.33	15	30 25	40	50	60	0.027	1.2	000	007
CSU Peers 2016	41.5	14.4 14.4	.18	15	35	40	55	60	8,037	-1.3	.000	093
L4/NR Public NSSE 2015 & 2016	40.3 40.9	14.4	.06 .03	15 20	30 30	40 40	50 55	60 60	54,701 202,289	1 7	.750 .036	00′ 048
Top 50%		14.1	.03	20 20	30	40 40	55					
-	43.1 44.7	13.8	.05 .09	20 20	35 40	40 45	55 60	60 60	74,514	-3.0 -4.5	.000 .000	214 32
Top 10%	44.7	15.7	.09	20	40	43	00	00	24,476	-4.5	.000	32
Reflective & Integrative Learni	ng											
Cal State Fullerton ($N = 2011$)	38.3	12.9	.29	17	29	37	49	60				
CSU Peers 2016	39.6	13.1	.16	17	31	40	50	60	8,379	-1.3	.000	102
L4/NR Public	38.0	13.2	.06	17	29	37	49	60	56,815	.2	.462	.01′
NSSE 2015 & 2016	38.7	13.0	.03	17	29	40	49	60	210,252	4	.128	034
Top 50%	41.0	12.7	.05	20	31	40	51	60	77,928	-2.7	.000	214
Top 10%	42.9	12.5	.09	20	34	43	54	60	21,031	-4.6	.000	36
Learning Strategies												
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 1767)$	38.8	14.6	.35	13	27	40	53	60				
CSU Peers 2016	40.6	14.5	.19	20	33	40	53	60	7,469	-1.8	.000	12
L4/NR Public	39.9	14.7	.07	13	27	40	53	60	50,776	-1.1	.001	07
NSSE 2015 & 2016	39.9	14.8	.03	13	27	40	53	60	189,327	-1.1	.002	074
Top 50%	42.2	14.5	.05	20	33	40	60	60	89,874	-3.5	.000	23
Top 10%	44.5	14.2	.09	20	33	47	60	60	25,505	-5.7	.000	400
Quantitativa Passaning												
Quantitative Reasoning	20.9	165	20	0	20	27	40	(0)				
Cal State Fullerton $(N = 1941)$	29.8	16.5	.38	0	20	27	40	60	0 1 5 1	-1.2	000	07/
CSU Peers 2016 L4/NR Public	31.0	17.0	.22 .07	0	20 20	33 27	40 40	60	8,151		.006	072
NSSE 2015 & 2016	30.1	17.1		0 0		27		60	2,092	4	.339	02
	30.3	17.0	.04	0	20	33	40	60	1,979	6 2.0	.128	034
Top 50% Top 10%	31.8 33.2	16.9 16.8	.05 .09	0	20 20	33	40 47	60 60	116,237	-2.0 -3.4	.000 .000	118 200
10p 10%	55.2	10.8	.09	0	20	55	47	00	33,436	-3.4	.000	200
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
Cal State Fullerton ($N = 2070$)	34.2	14.0	.31	10	25	35	45	60				
CSU Peers 2016	35.0	13.6	.17	15	25	35	45	60	3,394	9	.014	06
L4/NR Public	32.6	14.7	.06	10	20	30	45	60	2,239	1.5	.000	.104
NSSE 2015 & 2016	32.4	14.9	.03	10	20	30	40	60	2,114	1.7	.000	.11′
Top 50%	35.8	13.9	.05	15	25	35	45	60	97,201	-1.7	.000	120
Top 10%	37.9	13.7	.09	15	30	40	50	60	23,774	-3.7	.000	27
Discussions with Diverse Other	rs											
Cal State Fullerton ($N = 1783$)	42.2	16.6	.39	10	30	40	60	60				
CSU Peers 2016	43.2	16.4	.22	15	30	45	60	60	7,533	-1.0	.028	06
L4/NR Public	41.8	16.6	.07	15	30	40	60	60	51,238	.4	.352	.022
NSSE 2015 & 2016	41.3	16.1	.04	15	30	40	60	60	191,033	.9	.024	.054
Top 50%	43.3	15.9	.05	15	35	45	60	60	107,489	-1.1	.003	072
Top 10%	45.1	15.8	.09	20	35	50	60	60	1,972	-2.9	.000	182



Detailed Statistics^a California State University, Fullerton

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results				
		SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g	
	Mean												
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
Cal State Fullerton (N = 1956)	20.9	15.7	.35	0	10	20	30	55					
CSU Peers 2016	23.1	16.3	.21	0	10	20	35	55	3,382	-2.3	.000	142	
L4/NR Public	22.1	16.0	.07	0	10	20	30	55	2,107	-1.2	.001	077	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	23.5	16.3	.04	0	10	20	35	55	1,996	-2.6	.000	162	
Top 50%	29.6	16.1	.08	5	20	30	40	60	2,145	-8.7	.000	540	
Top 10%	33.0	16.3	.19	5	20	30	45	60	3,194	-12.1	.000	752	
Effective Teaching Practices													
Cal State Fullerton (N = 1963)	40.1	13.7	.31	16	32	40	52	60					
CSU Peers 2016	40.5	14.2	.18	16	32	40	52	60	3,368	5	.188	034	
L4/NR Public	39.6	14.0	.06	16	32	40	52	60	56,017	.5	.144	.034	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	40.3	13.9	.03	16	32	40	52	60	207,161	2	.456	017	
Top 50%	42.7	13.7	.05	20	32	44	56	60	67,610	-2.6	.000	193	
Top 10%	44.5	13.4	.11	20	36	44	56	60	16,971	-4.4	.000	330	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
Cal State Fullerton ($N = 1647$)	41.4	12.5	.31	18	34	43	50	60					
CSU Peers 2016	42.2	12.7	.17	18	34	44	52	60	7,124	9	.015	068	
L4/NR Public	41.3	12.5	.06	18	34	43	50	60	48,190	.0	.983	.001	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	42.6	12.0	.03	20	36	44	52	60	1,674	-1.2	.000	103	
Top 50%	45.3	11.5	.05	24	40	48	54	60	1,721	-4.0	.000	345	
Top 10%	46.9	11.9	.08	24	40	50	56	60	1,906	-5.5	.000	465	
Supportive Environment													
Cal State Fullerton ($N = 1681$)	32.3	15.0	.37	10	20	33	43	60					
CSU Peers 2016	33.4	14.9	.20	10	23	33	43	60	7,035	-1.1	.007	075	
L4/NR Public	32.4	14.5	.07	8	23	33	43	60	1,795	1	.861	005	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	32.9	14.4	.03	10	23	33	43	60	1,709	6	.090	043	
Top 50%	35.7	13.9	.05	13	25	35	45	60	1,754	-3.4	.000	245	
Top 10%	38.1	13.9	.12	15	28	40	48	60	2,062	-5.8	.000	412	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.